

<p>1. What does $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = L$ tell you about the function $f(x)$? HA at $y=L$</p> <p>2. What does $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = \infty$ tell you about the function $f(x)$? VA at $x=a$</p>	<p>Explain in your own words the meaning of each of the following.</p> <p>3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \infty$ VA: $x=2$</p> <p>4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 5$ HA: $y=5$</p> <p>5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = -\infty$ VA: $x=1$</p> <p>6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 3$ HA: $y=3$</p>	<p>Explain in your own words the meaning of each of the following.</p> <p>7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -1$ HA: $y=-1$</p> <p>8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ HA: $y=0$</p> <p>9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) = \infty$ VA: $x=-3$</p> <p>10. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = -\infty$ VA: $x=-1$</p>
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Find the asymptotes of each

<p>11. $f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{x-2}$ HA: $y=2$ VA: $x=2$</p>	<p>12. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2-1}$ HA: $y=0$ VA: $x=1, x=-1$</p>	<p>13. $f(x) = \frac{3-x}{x+3}$ HA: $y=-1$ VA: $x=-3$</p>	<p>7. $f(x) = \ln(x-3) + 2$ VA: $x=3$</p>
<p>8. $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2-9}$ HA: $y=0$ VA: $x=3, x=-3$</p>	<p>9. $f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x^2+3x-10}$ HA: $y=0$ VA: $x=2, x=-5$</p>	<p>10. $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x^2+x-2}$ HA: $y=0$ VA: $x=-2$</p>	<p>11. $f(x) = \frac{5-x}{x+2}$ HA: $y=-1$ VA: $x=-2$</p>

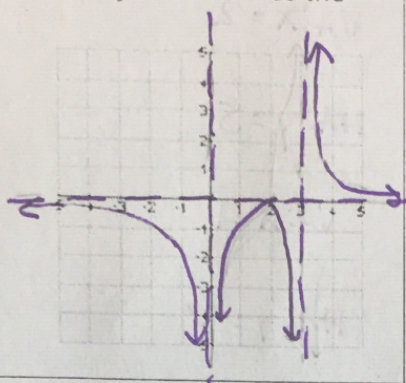
Find the limit of each:

<p>12. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} \frac{x+2}{x+3} = -\infty$</p>	<p>13. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} \frac{e^x}{(x-5)^3} = -\infty$</p>	<p>14. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2-x}{(x-1)^2} = \infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{2-x}{(x-1)^2} = \infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{2-x}{(x-1)^2} = \infty$</p>	<p>15. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \ln(x-5) = -\infty$</p>
<p>16. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \sec x = -\infty$ (hint $\frac{\pi}{2} \approx -1.57$ so... try $x = -1.58$ (radians))</p>	<p>17. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x+5}{x-4} = 3$</p>	<p>18. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3+5x}{2x^3-x^2+4} = \frac{1}{2}$</p>	<p>19. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{t^2+2}{t^3+t^2-1} = 0$</p>

This is a problem to get you ready for tomorrow. TRY THE PROBLEM. Do not stress if you are confused. Start by labeling the pieces.

20. A) Sketch a graph for a function f that satisfies the following conditions:

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = 0$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = -\infty$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = \infty$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = -\infty$
- $f(2) = 0$



x video

B) Find a formula for a function f that satisfies the same conditions:

$$f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x(x+3)}$$

Match each function (WITHOUT A CALCULATOR)

A.) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$

B.) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x-1}$

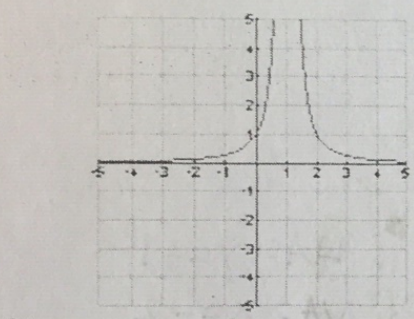
C.) $f(x) = \frac{1}{(x-1)^2}$

D.) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2-1}$

E.) $f(x) = \frac{x}{(x-1)^2}$

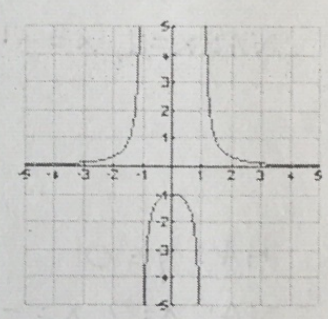
F.) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2-1}$

To each graph



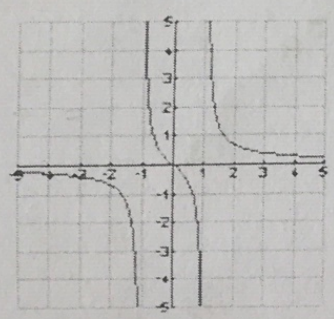
C

21.



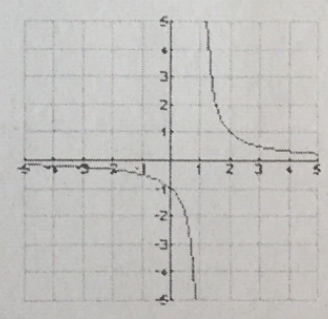
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22.



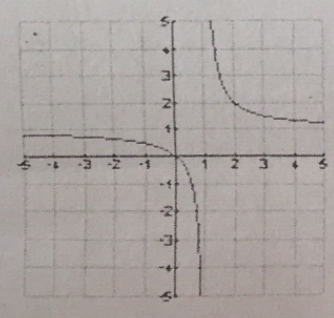
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23.



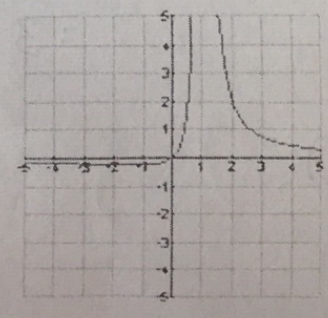
A

24.



B

25.



E

26.